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ities charged with the control of the diseases of domestic animals in the State in which such stockyards are located; or cattle as above specified from points outside of the State may, under such restrictions as may be prescribed by the State board of live stock commissioners, be shipped in quarantine to their destination in Ohio, there to remain in quarantine until so examined at the expense of the owner, and released by the State board of live stock commissioners.

SEC. 3. The State board of live stock commissioners is hereby charged with the enforcement of this act, and is authorized to see that its provisions are obeyed, to prescribe official forms to be used for certificates, tags for identification of animals, and to make, from time to time, such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for its enforcement. The rules and regulations of said State board of live stock commissioners, when so prescribed and adopted, shall be duly published, and notice given of the same according to law.

SEC. 4. The failure of any individual, company, or corporation to comply with the rules of the State board of live stock commissioners, or to respect its regulations with regard to diseased animals when so prescribed and adopted as aforesaid, shall subject the offender to a penalty of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500, to be recovered by civil action in the county in which such persons have their residence or principal place of business. A person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$200; such fines and penalties to be collected in the name of the State of Ohio. All moneys recovered by civil action as provided for in this section shall be paid into the State treasury and be accredited to the agricultural fund.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the attorney general or any county prosecuting attorney to prosecute all violations of this act when so requested by the State board of live stock commissioners.

Tuberculosis—Hospitals for Treatment of. (Act May 3, 1913.)

SECTION 1. That sections 3139, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145, 3146, 3147, 3148, 3151, 3152, and 3153 of the General Code shall be amended so as to read as follows:

“SEC. 3139. On and after January 1, 1914, no person suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, commonly known as consumption, shall be kept in any county infirmary.

“SEC. 3140. Whenever complaint is made to the State board of health that a person is being kept or maintained in any county infirmary in violation of section 3139 of this act, such State board of health may make arrangements for the maintenance of such person in some hospital or other institution in this State devoted to the care and treatment of cases of tuberculosis, and the cost of removal to, and the cost of maintenance of, such person in such hospital or institution shall become a legal charge against and be paid by the county in which such person has a legal residence. If such person is not a legal resident of this State, then such expense shall be paid by the county maintaining the infirmary from which removal is made.

“SEC. 3141. In any county where a county hospital for tuberculosis has been erected such county hospital for tuberculosis may be maintained by the county commissioners, and for the purpose of maintaining such hospital the county commissioners shall annually levy a tax and set aside the sum necessary for such maintenance. Such sum shall not be used for any other purpose.

“SEC. 3142. An accurate account shall be kept of all moneys received from patients or from other sources, which shall be applied toward the payment of maintaining a tuberculosis hospital. The joint board of commissioners, as hereinafter provided for, may receive, for the use of the hospital, in its name, gifts, legacies, devises, conveyances of real or personal property, or money.

“SEC. 3143. Instead of joining in the erection of a district hospital for tuberculosis, as hereinafter provided for, the county commissioners may contract with the

board of trustees, as hereinafter provided for, of a district hospital, the county commissioners of a county now maintaining a county hospital for tuberculosis, or with the proper officer of a municipality where such hospital has been constructed, for the care and treatment of the inmates of such infirmary or other residents of the county who are suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis. The commissioners of the county in which such patients reside shall pay to the board of trustees of the district hospital, or into the proper fund of the county maintaining a hospital for tuberculosis, or into the proper fund of the city receiving such patients the actual cost incurred in their care and treatment and other necessities, and they shall also pay for their transportation: *Provided*, That the county commissioners of any county may contract for the care and treatment of the inmates of the county infirmary or other residents of the county suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis with an association or corporation incorporated under the laws of Ohio for the exclusive purpose of caring for and treating persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis; but no such contract shall be made until the institution has been inspected and approved by the State board of health, and such approval may be withdrawn and such contracts shall be canceled if, in the judgment of the State board of health, the institution is not managed in a proper manner: *Provided, however*, That if such approval is withdrawn, the board of trustees of such institution may have the right of appeal to the governor and attorney general, and their decision shall be final.

"SEC. 3144. In any county which has not provided for a county hospital for tuberculosis, or which has not joined in the erection of a district hospital for tuberculosis, the State board of health, upon a proper presentation of the facts, may order any inmate of the infirmary who is suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis removed to a municipal, county, or district hospital for tuberculosis; but such removal shall not be made without the consent of the inmate if a suitable place outside of the infirmary, approved by the State board of health, is provided for his or her care and treatment. The State board of health, upon a proper presentation of facts, shall also have authority to order removed to a municipal, county, or district hospital for pulmonary tuberculosis any person suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis when, in the opinion of the State or a local board of health, such person is a menace to the public and can not receive suitable care or treatment at home: *Provided, however*, That such person shall have the right to remove from the State.

"SEC. 3145. The medical superintendent shall investigate applicants for admission to the hospital for tuberculosis who are not inmates of the county infirmary and may require satisfactory proofs that they are in need of proper care and have pulmonary tuberculosis. The board of trustees may require from any such applicant admitted from the county or counties maintaining the hospital a payment not exceeding the actual cost incurred in their care and treatment, including necessities and cost of transportation, or such less sum as they may deem advisable, owing to the financial condition of the applicant.

"SEC. 3146. The district hospital for pulmonary tuberculosis, as hereinafter provided for, shall be devoted to the care and treatment of those admitted to the county infirmaries within the district afflicted with pulmonary tuberculosis, and of other residents of the district suffering from the disease and in need of proper care and treatment.

"SEC. 3147. The State board of health shall have general supervision of county and district hospitals for tuberculosis and shall prescribe and may enforce such rules and regulations for their government as it deems necessary. All persons in charge of or employed at such hospitals or residents thereof shall faithfully obey and comply with all such rules and regulations. The location, plans, and estimates of cost for all district hospitals for tuberculosis shall be submitted to and approved by the State board of health and the board of State charities.

"SEC. 3148. The commissioners of any two or more counties not to exceed 10 may form themselves into a joint board for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a district hospital: *Provided*, There is no municipal tuberculosis hospital therein for care and treatment of persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis (commonly called consumption), or laryngeal tuberculosis, and may provide the necessary funds for the purchase of a site, which site shall be separate and apart from the infirmary boundaries in any county, and also may provide for the erection of the necessary buildings thereon: *And provided further*, That where any number of counties have already constructed and are operating a district tuberculosis hospital other counties may join such counties for enlargement and use of such hospital. Any new district or addition to a district shall be approved by the State board of health.

"SEC. 3151. Subject to the provisions of this chapter, such board of trustees shall prepare plans and specifications and proceed to erect and furnish the necessary buildings for a district hospital for tuberculosis. They shall appoint a suitable person medical superintendent of the hospital, who shall not be removed except for cause, and, upon the recommendation of the superintendent, such nurses and other employees as may be necessary for the proper conduct of the hospital. The trustees shall fix the compensation of the medical superintendent and other employees. Subject to the rules and regulations prescribed by the board of trustees, the superintendent shall have entire charge and control of the hospital. The trustees shall serve without compensation, but their necessary expenses when engaged in the business of the board shall be paid. The trustees, medical superintendent, or nurses of such hospital are authorized to attend conferences where the care, treatment, or prevention of pulmonary tuberculosis is a subject for consideration.

"SEC. 3152. The first cost of the hospital and the cost of all betterments and additions thereto shall be paid by the counties comprising the district in proportion to the taxable property of each county outside of a municipality having a tuberculosis hospital as shown by their respective duplicates. To meet the expense incurred in the purchase of a site and for the erection of buildings or for the purpose of enlarging, improving, or rebuilding thereof, the commissioners may borrow such sum or sums of money as may be apportioned to the county, at a rate of interest not to exceed 6 per cent per annum, and issue the bonds of the county to secure the payment of the principal and interest thereof. Such principal and interest shall be paid as provided in section 2435 of the General Code. A statement shall be prepared quarterly showing the per capita daily cost for the current expense of maintaining such hospital, including the cost of the ordinary repairs, and each county in the district shall pay its share of such cost as determined by the number of days the total number of patients from such county have spent in the hospital during the quarter, but the sum paid by patients from such county for their treatment therein shall be deducted from this amount. The boards of commissioners of counties jointly maintaining a district hospital for tuberculosis shall make annual assessments of taxes sufficient to support and defray the necessary expense of maintenance of such hospital.

"SEC. 3153. Such board of trustees shall meet monthly, and at such other times as they deem necessary. On the first Monday in April of each year they shall file with the joint board of county commissioners and with the State board of health an annual report of the operation of such district hospital, including a statement of all receipts and expenditures during the year, and at such time shall certify the amount necessary to maintain and improve the hospital for the ensuing year. The county commissioners maintaining a county hospital for tuberculosis on the first Monday in April of each year shall file with the State board of health an annual report of the operations of such county hospital including a statement of all receipts and expenditures during the year."

SEC. 2. That said original sections 3139, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145, 3146, 3147, 3148, 3151, 3152, 3153 of the General Code are hereby repealed.